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# The SPECTATOR.

*Si mihi non animo fixum, immotumque sederet,*
*Ne cui me vinclo vellem sociare jugali,*
*Postquam primus amor deceptam morte fefellit;*
*Si non pertæsum thalami, taedæque fuisset:*
*Huic uni forsan potui succumbere culpæ.* Virg.

MONDAY, November 1. 1714.

**The following Account hath been transmitted to me by the Love-Casuist.**

*Mr.* SPECTATOR,

'HAving, in some former Papers, taken Care of the two States of Virginity and Marriage, and being willing that all People should be served in their Turn, the Day drew out in my Chamber of Widows, where I met with several Cases, which I have reserved for your Decision by the Post. The Cases are as follow:

'Q. Whether *Amaret* be bound by a Promise of Marriage to *Philander*, made during her Husband's Sickness?

'Q. Whether *Sempronia*, having faithfully given a Promise to two several Persons during the last Sickness of her Husband, is not thereby left at Liberty to chuse which of them she pleases, or to reject them both for the Sake of a new Lover?

'*Cleora* asks me, Whether she be obliged to continue single, according to a Vow made to her Husband in the Time of his pretending but with a Design to deceive; she having informed by a very sweet young Fellow of a good Conscience, that such Vows are in their Nature sinful?

'Another enquires, Whether she hath not the Right of Widowhood, to dispose of her self to a Gentleman of great Merit, who presses very hard, her Husband being irrecoverably gone in a Consumption?

'An unreasonable Creature hath the Confidence to ask, Whether it be proper for her to marry a Man who is younger than her eldest Son?

'A scrupulous well-spoken Matron, who gives us a great many good Words on my double, Whether she is not obliged in Conscience to shut up her two Marriageable Daughters, till such time as she hath conscientiously disposed of her self?

'*Sophronia*, who seems by her Phrase and Spelling to be a Person of Condition, sets forth, That whereas she hath a great Estate, and is but a Woman, she desires to be informed, whether she would not do prudently to marry *Camillus*, a very idle tall young Fellow, who hath no Fortune of his own, and consequently hath nothing else to do but to manage hers?

Before I speak of Widows, I cannot but observe one thing, which I do not know how to account for; A Widow is always more sought after, than an old Maid of the same Age. It is common

common enough among ordinary People, for a ſtale Virgin to ſet up a Shop in a Place where ſhe is not known; where the large Thumb-Ring, ſuppoſed to be given her by her Husband, quickly recommends her to ſome wealthy Neighbour, who takes a Liking to the jolly Widow, that would have over-looked the venerable Spinſter.

The Truth of it is, if we look into this Set of Women, we find, according to their different Characters or Circumſtances wherein they are left, that Widows may be divided into thoſe who raiſe Love, and thoſe who raiſe Compaſſion.

But not to ramble from this Subject, there are two Things in which conſiſts chiefly the Glory of a Widow; the Love of her deceaſed Husband, and the Care of her Children: To which may be added a third, ariſing out of the former. Such a prudent Conduct as may do Honour to both.

A Widow, poſſeſſed of all theſe three Qualities, makes not only a virtuous, but a ſublime Character.

There is ſomething ſo great and ſo generous in this State of Life, when it is accompanied with all its Virtues, that it is the Subject of one of the fineſt among our modern Tragedies in the Perſon of *Andromache*; and hath met with an univerſal and deſerved Applauſe, when introduced upon our *Engliſh* Stage by Mr. *Philips*.

The moſt memorable Widow in Hiſtory is Queen *Artemiſia*, who not only erected the famous *Mauſoleum*, but drank up the Aſhes of her dead Lord; thereby incloſing them in a nobler Monument than that which ſhe had built, though deſervedly eſteemed one of the Wonders of Architecture.

This laſt Lady ſeems to have had a better Title to a ſecond Husband than any I have read of, ſince not one Duſt of her Firſt was remaining. Our modern Heroines might think a Husband a very bitter Draught, and would have good Reaſon to complain of it, if they might not ſcape of a ſecond Partner, till they had taken ſuch a troubleſome Method of loſing the Memory of the firſt.

I ſhall add to theſe illuſtrious Examples of ancient Story, a remarkable Inſtance of the Delicacy of our Anceſtors in Relation to the State of Widowhood, as I find it recorded in *Cowell*'s Interpreter. *At* Eaſt *and* Weſt-Enborne, *in the County of Berks, if a cuſtomary Tenant die, the Widow ſhall have what the Law calls her Free Bench in all his Copyhold Lands* dum ſola & caſta fuerit; *that is, while ſhe lives ſingle and chaſte: but if ſhe commit Incontinency, ſhe forfeits her Eſtate: Yet, if ſhe will come into the Court riding backward upon a Black Ram, with his Tail in her Hand, and ſay the Words following, the Steward is bound by the Cuſtom to re-admit her to her Free Bench.*

*Here I am,*
*Riding upon a Black Ram,*
*Like a Whore as I am;*
*And, for my Criminum Criminum,*
*Have loſt my Binoum Bancum;*
*And, for my Tail's Game,*
*Have done this openly Shame;*
*Therefore, I pray you Mr. Steward, let me have my Land again.*

The like Cuſtom there is in the Manor of *Torre* in *Devonſhire*, and other Parts of the *Weſt*.

It is not impoſſible but I may in a little Time preſent you with a Regiſter of *Berkſhire* Ladies and other Weſtern Dames, who rode publickly upon this Occaſion; and I hope the Town will be entertained with a Cavalcade of Widows.


*ADVERTISEMENT.*

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